

European IP Helpdesk

Stay ahead of the innovation game.





European IP Helpdesk

- Service initiative of the European Commission
- Addressing current and potential beneficiaries of EUfunded projects, researchers and EU SMEs
- Free-of-charge first-line support on intellectual property (IP)
- Hands-on IP and innovation management support
- International pool of IP experts from various thematic fields
- Unique cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe
 Network: 44 ambassadors from 27 EU countries





confidential treatment of individual IP questions





frequent updates from the world of IP and innovation



practical IP knowledge through high-level publications



info point at key networking events and conferences



ec.europa.eu/ip-helpdesk

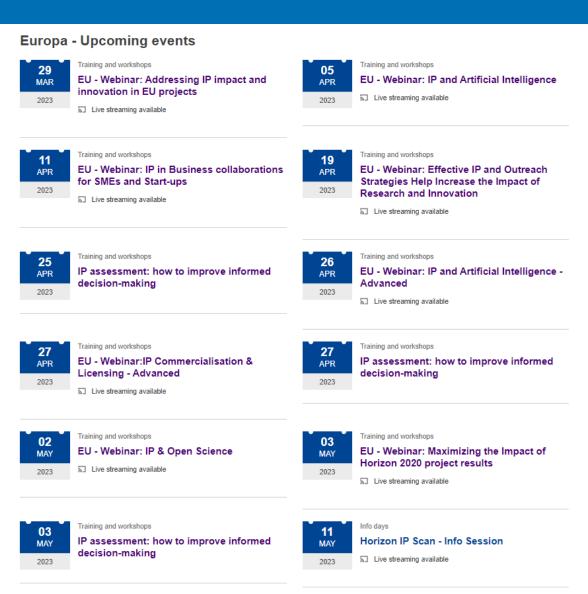


The EC IP Helpdesks



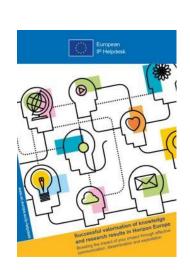


Upcoming webinars





EC IP (SME) Helpdesk Hub – Gateway to Information









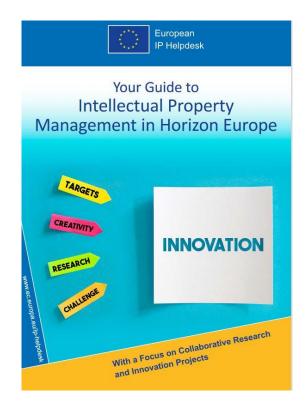




- E-learning modules & more
- Guides / Topic, country, sector-specific factsheets / Infographics
- Case studies



Your Guide to Intellectual Property management in Horizon Europe



https://op.europa.eu/en/publicationdetail/-/publication/43e0204c-6ed3-11ed-9887-01aa75ed71a1/languageen/format-PDF/source-276235204



Ambassador Scheme

- Cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN): 44 ambassadors – 27 countries
- Building IP capacities among European SMEs
- Overcoming language barriers
- Making the topic more accessible
- Exchange and feedback from ambassadors on needs of SMEs
- Local awareness and training events





Horizon IP Scan

IP Support Service for SMEs in Collaborative EU-funded Research Projects



Pre-Interview

Desk Study

Interview

Reporting

De-Briefing



www.horizon-ipscan.eu









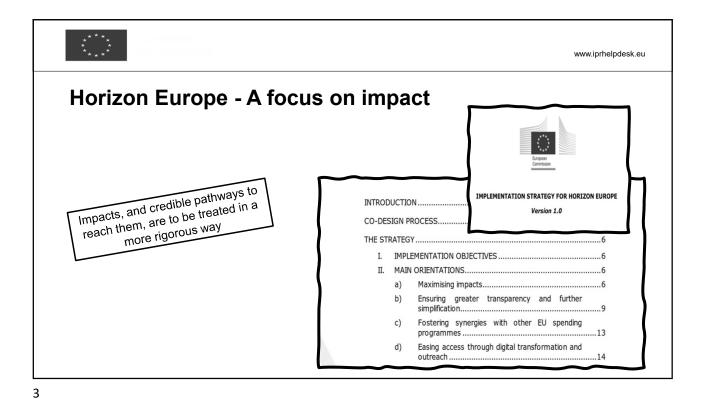
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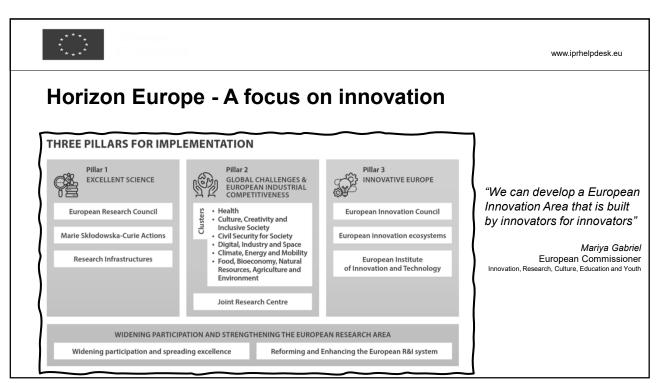
Today's speaker

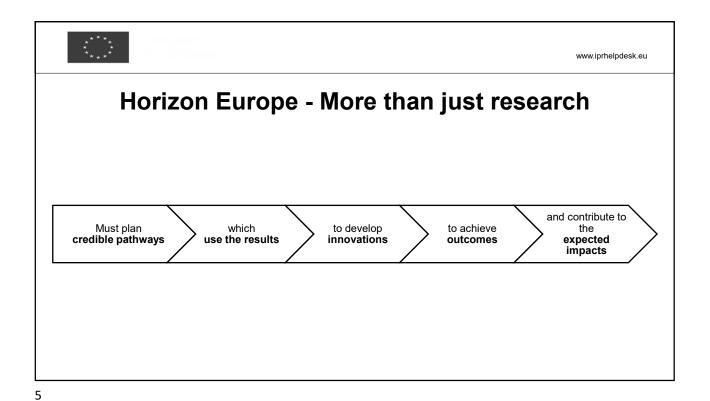
Dr. Eugene Sweeney

- Over 30 years experience with EC as proposal evaluator, rapporteur, project reviewer and consultant
- Over 40 years experience of commercialising IP/research and new technology
 - > 1970's Researcher (first spin-out in 1978)
 - ➤ 1980's Computer **industry** (bringing new technologies to market)
 - ➤ 1990's Early-stage technology/IP **investment** and commercialisation
 - > 2000 Consultant in IPR, Innovation and research exploitation
- Member of International (ISO) and European (CEN) Standards Committees on Innovation Management and IP Management
- · Member of Licensing Executive Society

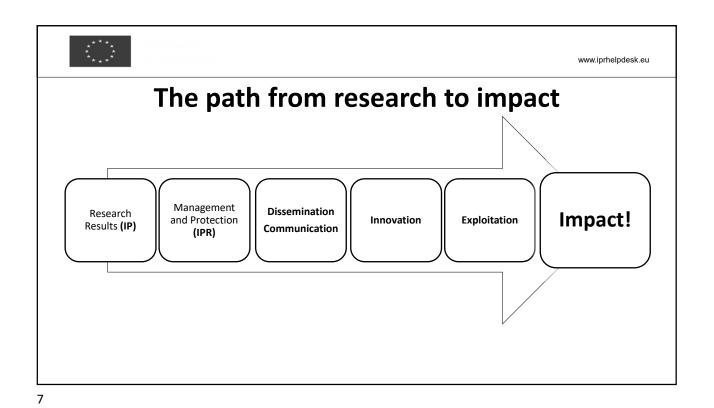


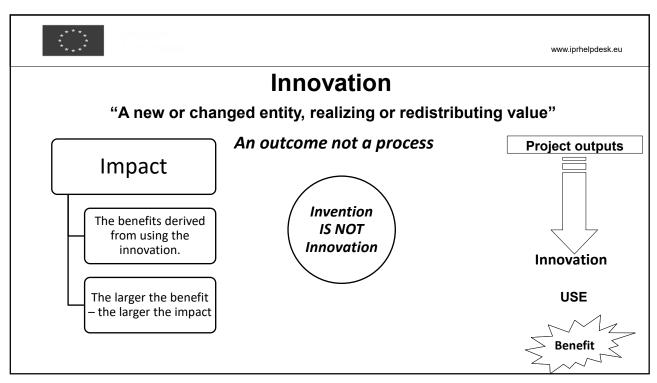






www.iprhelpdesk.eu What will you do with the results? **EU POLICY PRIORITIES** • Green Deal, Fit for the Digital Age, etc...) • Sets of strategic objectives for R&I within policy priorities **KEY STRATEGIC ORIENTATIONS Work Programmes** IMPACT AREAS • Groups of expected impacts Impacts EXPECTED IMPACTS · long term effects enabled by the outcomes of R&I (DESTINATIONS) **EXPECTED OUTCOMES** • The expected effects, over the medium term (CALL TOPICS) 'Intellectual Assets, which may, if appropriate, be protected by **PROJECT RESULTS** formal 'Intellectual Property Rights'







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Exploitation

"The <u>use</u> of results in further research and innovation activities other than those covered by the action concerned, including among other things, commercial exploitation such as developing, creating, manufacturing and marketing a product or process, creating and providing a service, or in standardisation activities."

Definition in Horizon Europe Model Grant Agreement

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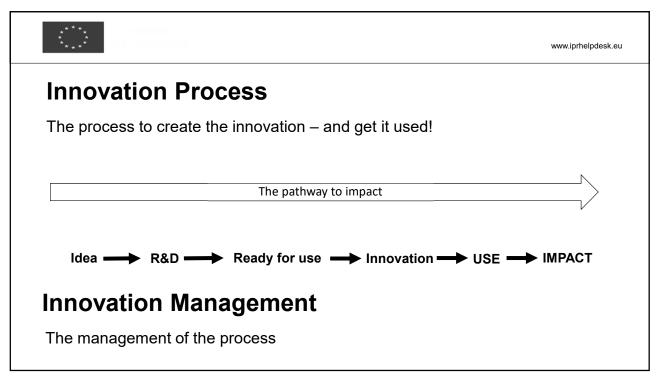
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Any type of innovation

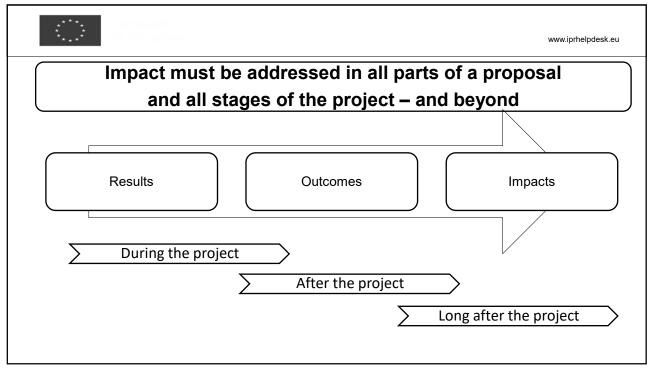
- · Innovations do not have to be commercial or technical
- Innovations can be based on new products, services, organisational or business methods, improved networks or collaborations, advisory reports, etc, etc

Any type of benefit (impact)

- > Benefit (hence impact) does not have to be financial.
- ➤ The impact of the innovation can be societal, research, environmental, technical, commercial, educational, etc



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Outcomes in Horizon Europe

From proposal template

The expected effects, over the medium term, of projects supported under a given topic.

The results of a project should contribute to these outcomes, fostered in particular by the dissemination and exploitation measures. This may include the uptake, diffusion, deployment, and/or use of the project's results by direct target groups.

Outcomes generally occur during or shortly after the end of the project.

Example: 9 European airports adopt the advanced forecasting system demonstrated during the project.

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Impact in Horizon Europe Proposals

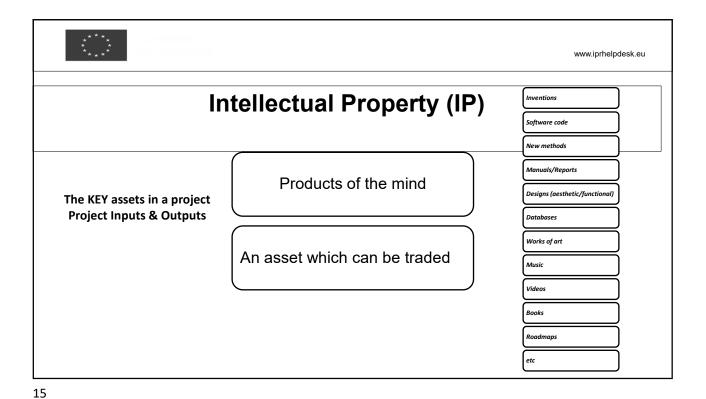
From proposal template

"Wider long term effects on society (including the environment), the economy and science, enabled by the outcomes of R&I investments (long term).

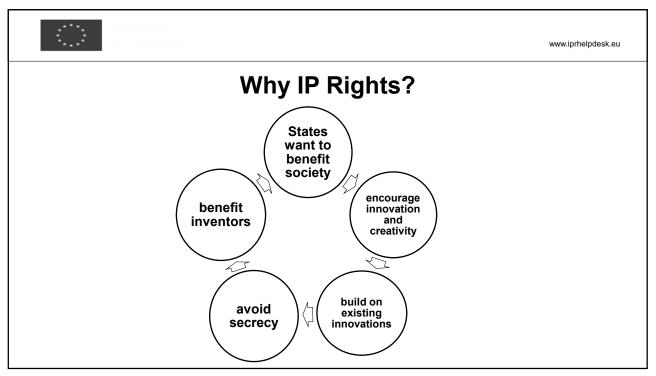
It refers to the specific contribution of the project to the work programme expected impacts described in the destination.

Impacts generally occur some time after the end of the project.

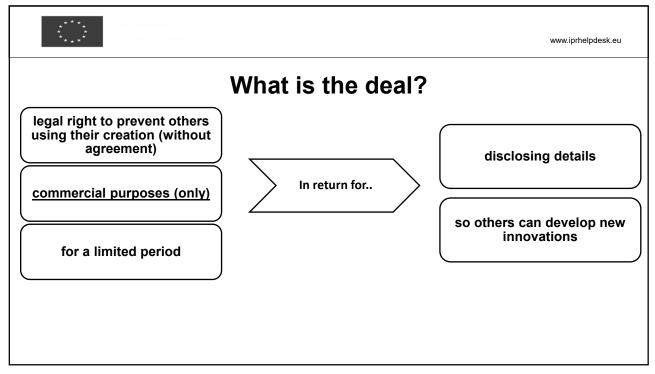
Example: The deployment of the advanced forecasting system enables each airport to increase maximum passenger capacity by 15% and passenger average throughput by 10%, leading to a 28% reduction in infrastructure expansion costs."

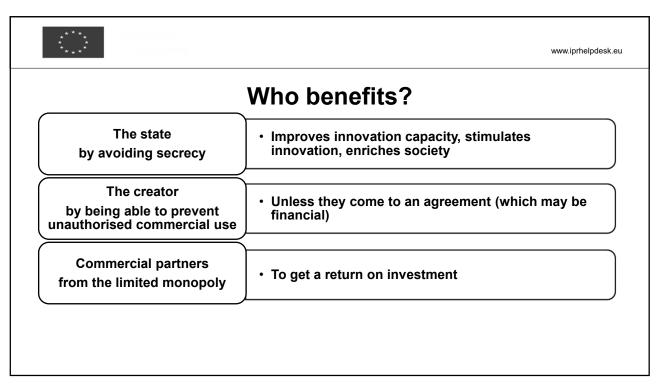


www.iprhelpdesk.eu **Intellectual Property Right (IPR)** Some legal rights come into Patents existence automatically Copyright Some need registration Design Rights **Database Rights** Confidentiality Agreements (Know-how) Trade marks Plant Breeders Rights Secrets (Trade Secrets) Utility Models/petty patents Time limited rights Plant varieties National rights etc

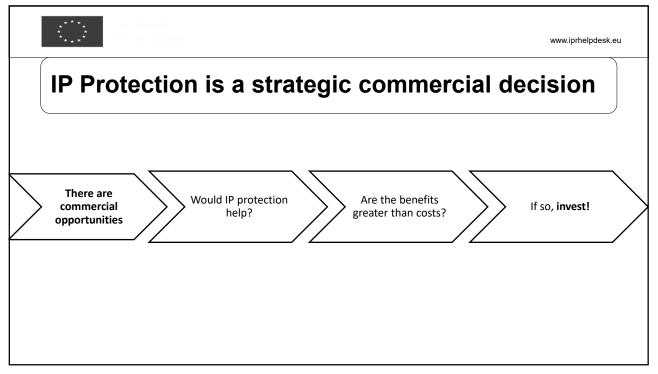


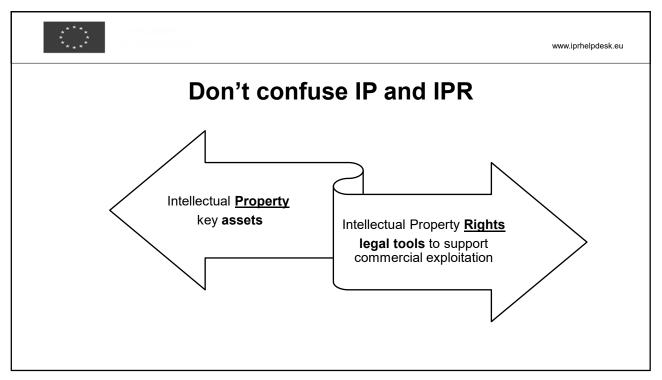
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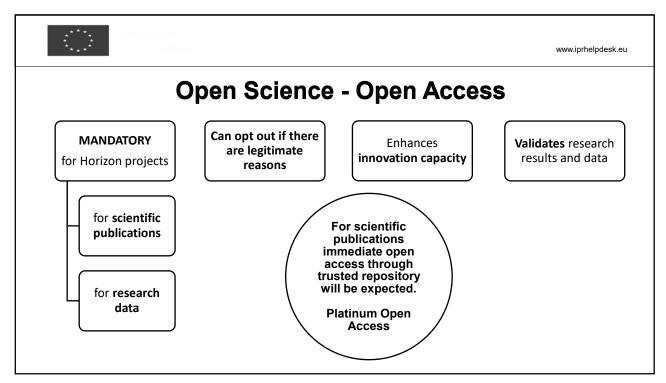


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Open ≠ unprotected

Works in open access are usually protected by copyright and related rights, other IP rights may protect the underlying content

e.g. a publication **made available as open access under a CC BY licence**, may also have the method described protected by a patent, and the software code to implement the method also protected by copyright (and **not available as open access**).

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Open Science Obligations in Horizon Europe

(for publications and data)

Not an obligation to publish

If/when a scientific article is published, it will have to be in open access Not an obligation to disseminate or ignore IP rights

The dissemination of results can be postponed to allow the appropriate protection of results beforehand

But owners of the copyright must: retain sufficient intellectual property rights (copyright) to comply with the OA requirements

At the latest upon publication:
deposit the AAM or VoR in a trusted
repository, and ensure open access
via the repository under CC BY
licence, or equivalent

AAM: Accepted Author Manuscript. VoR: Final version



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Research Data

- · Copyright protects the contents (the data)
- Database right protects the collection if there has been a "substantial investment" in obtaining, verifying or presenting the contents of the database.

IP Helpdesk Webinars

"IP and Artificial Intelligence"

"IP and Artificial Intelligence – Advanced"

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Open Science Obligations in Horizon Europe (Research data AND data management)

Digital research data generated must be managed responsibly

• In line with the FAIR principles and:

As soon as possible deposit the data

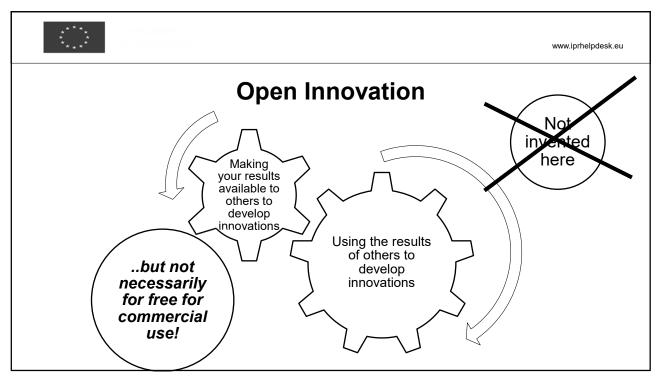
- In a trusted repository
- Ensure open access under CC BY or equivalent
- Follow principle 'as open as possible as closed as necessary'

Provide **information** via the repository

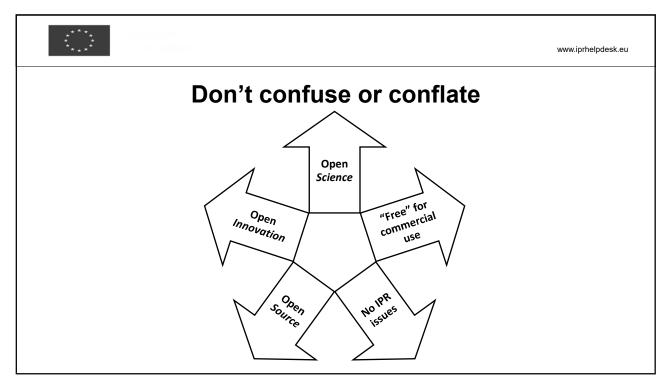
- Any research output/tools/instruments needed to re-use or validate the data
- Information about the licensing terms

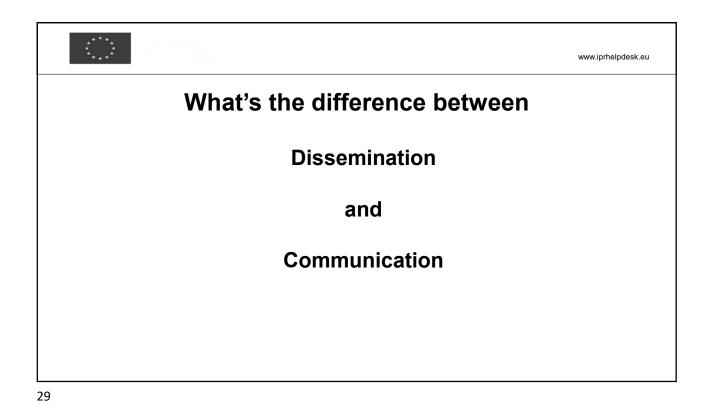
Metadata must be open

 Under CC 0 or equivalent (to the extent legitimate interests or constraints are safeguarded), in line with the FAIR principles

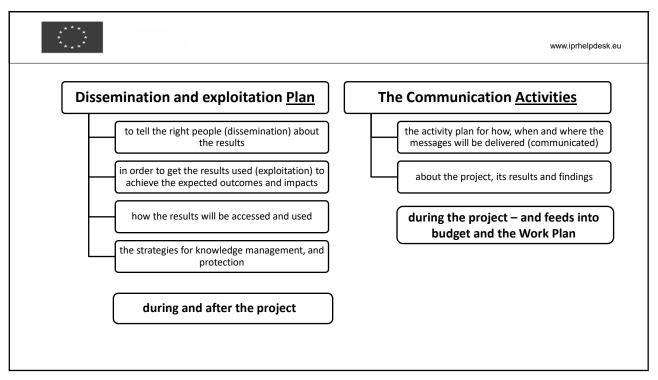


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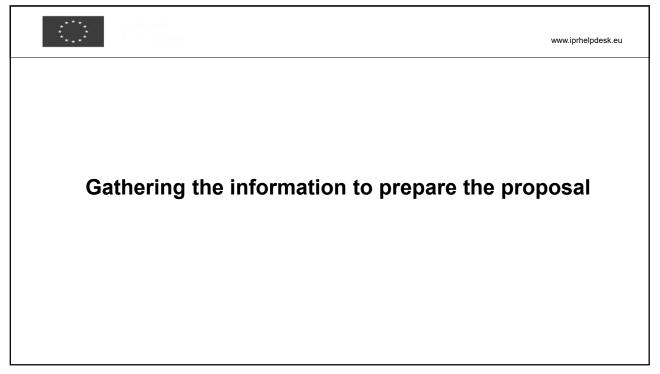




www.iprhelpdesk.eu **Continues after** project end Exploitation of results Communication Dissemination of results **Activities** Review results and protect (if appropriate) **Project** End Start First project outputs Communicationand findings Communication of project..... **Activities**



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Strategic Intelligence

Academic Sources

>publications, conference proceedings

Industry Sources

- ➤ Market reports
- ➤Industry partners
- ➤ Company websites, annual reports (incl. financial)
- >Industry publications, events, conferences and exhibitions

Influencers

- Policy papers
- > Technical reports and white papers

External Drivers or constraints

- > Standards bodies (CEN/CENELEC, ISO, ETSI, National Bodies)
- > Patents and other registered IP
- > Regulatory requirements

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Why Patent Information?

- > The largest freely available technical publication resource
- Patents are often the only publication on a subject
- > Patents are usually the first publication
- ➤ Large resource and growing rapidly

Not just technical information

- > Bibliographic Information (companies and individuals)
- Legal Status Information (freedom to operate)
- > Commercial Information (key players and markets)



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Patents

Highly structured and classified

- Technical classification
 - > 60,000 IPC (International) classes
 - > 120,000 ECLA (European) classes
 - > 250,000 CPC (Cooperative EPO and US) classes
- Time and region classification
 - > trends over time
 - > geographical activity

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Free patent searching

- European Patent Office Espacenet
 - www.espacenet.com
- ➤ World Intellectual Property Organisation Patentscope
 - patentscope.wipo.int
- Google patent
 - www.google.com/patents
- National patent offices



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Strategic Intelligence from Patents

- > State of the Art
- Building on existing work
- Key players
 - Market Intelligence
 - Competitor Intelligence
 - Technology Intelligence
- Freedom to operate potential barriers to commercial exploitation
- Finding research and/or commercialisation partners
- Identify licence-in opportunities
- Provides comfort & security for commercial partners

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Strategic Intelligence to Action Plans

- ➤ Gather information to understand the whole landscape (market, technical, IPR, standards, regulatory, etc)
- > Analyse information to obtain strategic intelligence... to allow you to:-
- Plan and <u>Justify</u> how you will address the specific challenges of the call topic, and maximise the expected impacts



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PULLING IT TOGETHER TO DEVELOPING A PROPOSAL

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Excellence: Section 1

- > Ensure Objectives are consistent with the expected impacts of the call
- > Be clear about the innovations to be developed
- > Show how Open Science practices are incorporated
- > Consider relevant synergies and collaborations
- ➤ Don't only refer to scientific publications. Include everything which is relevant for shaping concept and methodology and achieving impact.



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Impact: Section 2

> Pathways to Impact

- How much contribution to the expected impacts of the call:
- Barriers/obstacles, framework conditions that may affect achievement of the expected impacts – and mitigating actions

> Measures to maximise the impacts

 Draft plan for telling the right people about the project and the results (dissemination), and how they can be used (exploitation) to maximise impact – including strategies for IP management and protection, and communication activities

Horizon Europe

- The draft D&E plan is an admissibility condition
- Mandatory deliverable by M6 a detailed plan – to be further updated during project.
- Impacts, and credible pathways to reach them will be treated in a more rigorous way
- Incentives to report progress, and support actions to help exploitation after the project ends

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Implementation: Section 3

No longer need to describe management structures and procedures

BUT

- ➤ Innovation activities must be reflected in the Work Plan
 - IP and knowledge Management, Protection and exploitation (including jointly owned results and bundles of results)
 - A complete Dissemination and Exploitation plan, including Communication Activities by M6, and updated throughout project.



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Summary

- > Address IP, Impact and Innovation in all sections of the proposal
- ➤ Get strategic intelligence by analysing the whole landscape (scientific, technical, market, IPR, regulatory, standards, etc)
- > So you can plan and justify the pathways to maximise the impacts
- .. and Develop strategies to protect and exploit the project results
- > and create innovations which are used

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Presentation produced by Dr. Eugene Sweeney, lambic Innovation Ltd. March 2023

DISCLAIMER

The European IP Helpdesk provides free-of-charge first-line support on IP-related issues aiming to help current and potential beneficiaries of EU-funded projects, as well as EU SMEs, manage their Intellectual Property assets.

The European IP Helpdesk is managed by the European Commission's Executive Agency for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (EASME), with policy guidance provided by the European Commission's Directorate-General for Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs (DG Grow).

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